

Name: _____

The Problems that England Faced After the French and Indian War



CRS Skill: Cause and Effect

Explain the cause and effect of each of the following events.

Cause		Effect
	The Treaty of Paris was signed in 1763.	
	American colonists engaged in widespread smuggling to avoid British trade laws.	
Cause		Effect
	Pontiac's forces attacked British forts in the west killing hundreds of settlers and forcing colonists to abandon their homelands.	
	The British national debt grew to £140,000,000.	

CRS Skill: Main Idea / Significant Details

Provide specific details from the reading to support each of the main ideas.

Main Idea	Significant Details
The British were unimpressed with the colonial contribution to the war effort.	
The development of new western lands proved difficult for the British.	
Colonial smuggling had a significant impact on the British economy.	
The British system made it difficult to prevent smuggling.	
British citizens and the government believed that the American colonists should pay more to England.	
Colonists did not feel obligated to pay additional taxes/fees to Great Britain.	

Advice to the King

As an advisor to King George III, which of the three plans would you recommend the British crown follow for each of its post-war problems? Provide a thorough defense of your choice. Finally, consult the second reading to compare the actual decision to your suggestion.

Problem 1: Western Lands
Your Suggestion and Its Justification:
Did King George take your advice?

What actions were actually taken to alleviate this problem?

Problem 2: Trade Regulation

Your Suggestion and Its Justification:

Did King George take your advice?

What actions were actually taken to alleviate this problem?

Problem 3: Finances

Your Suggestion and Its Justification:

Did King George take your advice?

What actions were actually taken to alleviate this problem?

CRS Skill: Sequence of Events

Put the following events in order and draw a line from each to its description.

Order	Event
	The Sugar Act was passed.
	The Treaty of Paris is signed.
	Pontiac's Rebellion.
	Writs of Assistance are issued.
	General Wolf captures Quebec.
	The Stamp Act is passed.
	The Proclamation of 1763 is enacted.
	The Quartering Act is issued.

Description
A tax on legal documents, newspapers, dice and playing cards, designed to help pay for the troops.
Law prohibiting colonists to move west of the Appalachian Mountains.
Provided the climax of the French and Indian War and ultimate triumph for the British.
Law reducing the tax on molasses in an effort to discourage smuggling.
Law insisting that colonists provide shelter and living necessities for British soldiers stationed in the colonies.
Led to the deaths of hundreds of American colonists, the fall of numerous British forts and the stationing of additional troops in America.
France surrendered all of its North American territories and most of India.
Search warrants provided to customs officials to look for smuggled goods in private homes and businesses.

Short Answer:

Do you think the decisions were on the whole statesmen-like solutions to the problems faced by the British, or were they narrow and self-serving, with no serious concessions to colonial interests?